# **East Midlands Academy Trust Curriculum Overview - Maths**













### **Why Teach Mathematics?**

We believe that mathematics will allow students to establish life-long skills to make informed decisions and choices throughout their lives. Our curriculum aims to support children in securing conceptual understanding through:

- making rich connections across mathematical ideas to develop fluency, reasoning and solving increasingly sophisticated problems
- using concrete manipulatives to support conceptual understanding
- the use of variation to help children notice and understand pattern and structure
- fostering and maintaining a curiosity about mathematics in the world around us
- creative teaching approaches and rich tasks
- developing an appreciation of the beauty and elegance of mathematics
- applying their mathematical knowledge to other areas of the curriculum

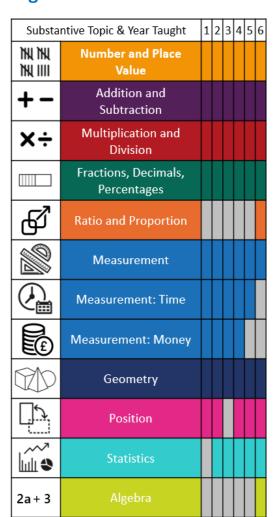
We want our children to be able to think like mathematicians and provide them with the necessary financial literacy and mathematical knowledge in preparation for the next step in their educational journey and ultimate employment.

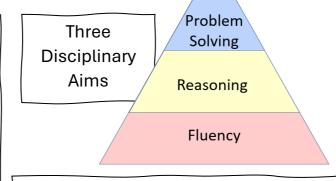
### **Curriculum Planning**

The maths curriculum topics are taught through units of work in the following areas.

Each year group starts in September with a focus on number and place value.

Each unit has a sequence of 'manageable steps' which sets out the sequence of learning to ensure that children have high success rates in achieving the unit objectives.





### **Arithmetic Focus**

Arithmetic tests are taken in the first week of each half term with each question assessing a particular skill to show progress directly between corresponding questions in each test. Question Level Analysis (QLA) helps to identify where pupils need additional support to achieve the expected age-related objectives by the end of the academic year.



### **Teaching for Understanding**

Teaching that focuses on developing a **secure** and deep understanding, including the use of **practical** resources and **iconic representations**, supports the learning and memorisation of mathematical concepts. This approach encourages learners to feel confident and capable in their mathematical abilities, fostering a positive and inclusive learning environment

### **Belief**

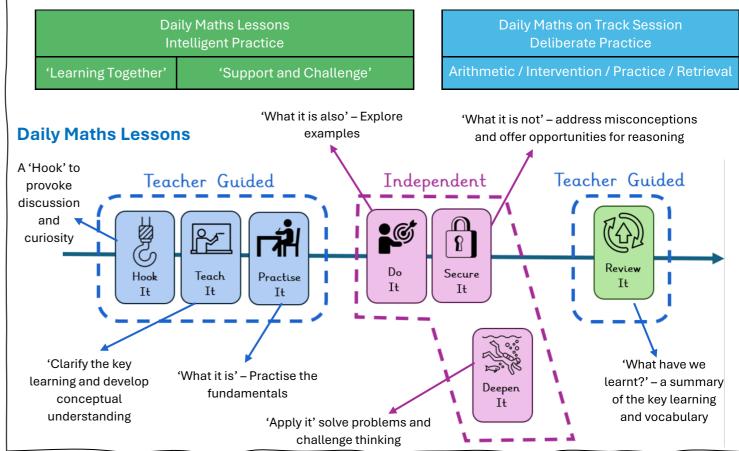
All learners need to **believe they can succeed** and also believe that their teacher, and parents, believe they can succeed. Adopting a **growth mindset** is at the heart of a 'Can Do Maths' approach including the use of 'yet' and knowing that **making mistakes** is an essential **part of learning**.

### **Hard Work**

**Success** comes from **hard work**. It's as simple as that! Mathematics can be difficult at times, but success can be achieved through hard work.

### **Lesson Structure**

Each class has two maths sessions each day. The main lesson is where children learn the substantive content in manageable steps and a maths on track session which provides opportunity for practice and retrieval as well as immediate interventions to support children to keep up with the current learning.



## **East Midlands Academy Trust Curriculum Overview - Maths**













Place Value		Value	Addition and Subtraction	Multiplication and Division		ions, Decimals Percentages	Geometry: Prope of Shapes	ertie	Geometry: Position and Direction	Measur	ement	Statistics		atio and oportion	Algebra	
	>		Year 1	Year 2		Ye	ar 3		Year 4			Year 5		Year 6		
	1 2 1 3			1 Number and Place Value		1 Number and P	lace	1	Number and Place Value		1 Number and Place Value		1	Number and Pla	ace Value	
	4 5			2 Geometry: Properties of Shapes	5	. Hamber and				-			2	Addition and Su	btraction	
nn	6 7 3	Addition ar	nd Subtraction	Addition and Subtraction: Addit	ion			2 Geometry: Properties of Shapes		2 Decimals		3	3 Decimals			
Autumn	8			3		2 Geometry: Pro	perties of Shapes	Ц			3 Geometry	: properties of Shapes				
Au	9 10 4	Number an	d Place Value: up to	Addition and Subtraction: 4 Subtraction		3 Multiplication	and Division	3	Multiplication and Division: Multipli Tables	cation	4 Addition a	and Subtraction	4	Multiplication a	nd Division	
	11							Ц			Multiplica	tion and Division: Powers of	5	Geometry: Posi	tion and Direction	
	12	Addition and Subtraction: Facts 7-11 Addition and Subtraction: Facts 7-11		Geometry: Properties of Shapes		Addition and S	Addition and Subtraction: Mental				10		6	Fractions, Deci	mals and Percentages	
	14			Multiplication and Division		4/5 Methods		4	4 Addition and Subtraction: Mental Methods		6 Multiplication and Division: Properties of Number		/	Geometry: Prop (Angles)	perties of Shapes	
	16	Geometry:	eometry: Properties of Shapes	6 Geometry: Position and Direction	on			Multiplication and Division: Multipli	cation	OI Nullibe	'	Н	(Aligies)			
	17 _	Addition and Subtraction: Facts 11-	7 Multiplication and Division: Multiplication Tables		6 Fractions	Fractions		Tables		_ Multiplication and Division: Written		8	Geometry: Prop	erties of Shapes		
	18 19	16		Tradiplication rables		Addition and S	8 Addition and Subtraction: Written Methods	ر	Addition and Subtraction: Written		Methods			Functions: Colo		
Spring	20 21 8	Measurem	ent: Length	8 Measurement: Length and Mass	5	Methods			Methods		8 Geometry	: Position and Direction	9	9 Fractions: Calculating		
Spr	22 23	Addition ar 20	nd Subtraction: Facts 17-	9 Fractions		O. Multiplication and Division	7	Multiplication and Division: Written		9 Fractions, Decimals and Percentages		10	Ratio and Propo	ortion		
	24	Fractions		10 Measurement: Time		9 Multiplication	Multiplication and Division		Methods					Converting Units		
	25										Measurement: Length, Mass and		12	Measurement: /	Area and Volume	
	26 27	Geometry:	Position and Direction	11 Measurement: Money		10 Measurement	: Money	8	Geometry: Properties of Shapes (An	gles)	Capacity		13	Algebra		
	28 29	Addition ar	nd Subtraction	12 Statistics		11 Fractions: Cal	culating	9	Decimals				14	Statistics		
	30			Management: Canacity and				Ш		-	11 Fractions: Calculating		15	Targeted Revision	on	
		Measurem	ent: Time	13 Measurement: Capacity and Temperature		12 Measurement	: Time	10	Fractions				-	NC Test Week		
ner	32			14 Place Value				11	Addition and Subtraction: Decimals				17	Problem Solving Place Value		
Summer	34 14	Multiplicat	ion and Division	race value		1 3 1	: Length, Mass and	12	Measurement: Time and Converting		12 Measurer	nent: Area and Volume		Multiplication a	nd Division	
Su	35			15 Addition and Subtraction		Capacity		13	Measurement: Length, Mass & Capa						mals and Percentages	
		Measurem	ent: Money			Geometry: Pro	perties of Shapes	1 4			13 Geometry: Properties of Shapes		ממ	Geometry		
	37			16 Geometry and Measurement		(Angles)		14	Measurement: Perimeter and Area				δ Mo	Measurement		
	38	Measurem	ent: Mass and Capacity	17 Multiplication and Division		15 Statistics		15			14 Measurement: Time			Algebra		
	39	Treadul amont. Flado and Oapacit	1	18 Fractions	18 Fractions				16	Statistics		15 Statistics			Problem Solving	Ž.



### **Reception Curriculum Map 2021-22 - Maths**

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system;

- Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and

odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally

- Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity;

Numerical

Patterns Early

**Learning Goal** 















### **Mathematics** Number **Numerical Patterns** Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding – such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting – children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes. Autumn Spring Summer - Begin to recognise numerals 0 to 10 - Confidently recognise numerals 0 to 10 - Begin to say numbers one after the other, some of which are Counting Key Knowledge and Skills in the right order (ordinality) - Confidently put numerals in order 0 to 10 (ordinality) Point or touch (tags) each item, saying one number for each Recognise numerals that are personally significant item, using the stable order of 1-10 (one-to-one Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting correspondence) Begin to recognise numerals 0 to 5 Point or touch (tags) each item when counting, saying one Enjoy rote counting verbally as far as they can go number for each item, using the stable order of 1,2,3,4 (one-Enjoy reciting numbers from 0 to 10 (and beyond) and back to-one correspondence). Re-arranging objects to support from 10 to 0 Start counting forwards and backwards from any given this. Use some number names and number language within play Introduce larger numbers used in different contexts to Increase confidence putting numerals in order 0 to 10 encourage a fascination with large numbers (ordinality) Understand the principle of order irrelevance when counting (it does not matter which object you start with when you begin to count and that the total remains the same.) Understand the abstraction principle by counting different sized objects, treating them the same numerically, and counting things that can't be seen In everyday situations, take or give two or three objects from a Match the numeral with a group of items to show how many there Engage in subitising numbers to four and maybe five Cardinality Count out up to 10 objects from a larger group are (up to 10) Subitise one, two and three objects (without counting) Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5 Count up to five items, recognising that the last number said represents the total counted so far (cardinal principle) Link numerals with amounts up to 5 and maybe beyond Explore using a range of their own marks and signs to which they ascribe mathematical meanings Begin to compare and recognise changes in numbers of - Use number names and symbols when comparing numbers, Estimates of numbers of things, showing understanding of Comparison things, using words like more, lots or 'same' showing interest in large numbers relative size Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising Compare two small groups of up to five objects, saying when there are the same number of objects in each group, e.g. when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity You've got two, I've got two. Same! Begin to use understanding of number to solve practical Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the Composition problems in play and meaningful activities or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction composition of each number Through play and exploration, begin to learn that numbers are facts and double facts) Begin to conceptually subitise larger numbers by subitising made up (composed) of smaller numbers Show awareness that numbers are made up (composed) of smaller groups within the number, e.g. sees six raisins on a plate Begin to recognise that each counting number is one more smaller numbers, exploring partitioning in different ways with as three and three Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or than the one before a wide range of objects Separate a group of three or four objects in different ways, In practical activities, add one and subtract one with numbers other aids) some number bonds to 10 (including subtraction facts beginning to recognise that the total is still the same to 10 and double facts) Begin to explore and work out mathematical problems, using Begin to understand zero signs and strategies of their own choice, including (when appropriate) standard numerals, tallies and "+" or "-" Begin to identify the pattern "rule" (AB / ABC etc) Explore and represent pattens within numbers up to 10, including Join in and anticipate repeated sound and action patterns Pattern Express interest in what happens next using the pattern of Create their own spatial patterns showing some organisation evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be everyday routines distributed equally Begin to sort objects to one attribute (e.g. colour, size) Explore and add to simple linear patterns of three repeating Choose familiar objects to create and recreate repeating patterns items, e.g. stick, leaf, stone (ABC) beyond AB patterns (e.g. ABB, ABBC), find errors in these patterns Spot patterns in the environment Join in with simple patterns in sounds, objects, games and and begin to identify the unit of repeat stories dance and movement, predicting what comes next Explore and add to simple linear patterns of two repeating items, e.g. stick, leaf (AB) Use spatial language, including following and giving directions, Move own body and toys around objects and explore fitting Investigate turning and flipping objects in order to make **Spatial** shapes fit and create models; predicting and visualising how using relative terms and describing what they see from different into spaces **Awareness** Begin to remember their way around familiar environments they will look (spatial reasoning) viewpoints (forwards, backwards, up, down, left, right and turn) Make simple maps of familiar and imaginative environments, with Respond to spatial and positional language Recognise rotation Bending and folding to explore properties of shapes Explore how things look from different viewpoints including things that are near or far away Recognition of symmetry Respond to and use language of position and direction Cutting of shapes to explore properties Predict, move and rotate objects to fit the space or create the shape they would like - Choose puzzle pieces and try to fit them into spaces Develop awareness of shape similarities and differences Use informal language and analogies, (e.g. heart-shaped and Shape Recognise that two objects have the same shape between objects hand-shaped leaves), as well as mathematical terms to describe Attempt to create arches and enclosures when building, using Make simple constructions Choose items based on their shape which are appropriate for trial and improvement to select blocks Compose and decompose shapes, learning which shapes Partition and combine shapes to make new shapes with 2D combine to make other shapes Respond to and name common 2D and 3D shapes Use own ideas to make models of increasing complexity, and 3D shapes selecting blocks needed, solving problems and visualising what Make patterns out of shapes they will build, describing properties Recognise and count faces, vertices and edges in 3D shapes - Explore differences in sizes (big/small/medium) in length, - Become familiar with measuring tools in everyday Enjoy tackling problems involving prediction and discussion of Measures weight and capacity e.g. "You're taller than me" experiences and play comparisons of length, weight or capacity, paying attention to fairness and accuracy Talk about immediate past and future Compare different sizes of units (measuring the growth of Introduction of standard measures - link to measuring devices Anticipate times of the day such as mealtimes or home time sunflowers, filling different sized containers) In meaningful contexts, finds the longer or shorter, heavier or Use of non-standard units of measures, exploring and (accuracy, application of measuring devices) comparing units of different sizes lighter and more/less full of two items Begin to experience measuring time with timers and calendars Recall a sequence of events in everyday life and stories Order and sequence events using everyday language related to time (clocks, seasons, calendars) Forms sets in which objects in each set are identical Sort objects according to an explicit attribute. Classify objects by multiple attributes in a single sort. "I'll **Statistics** and objects in the other sets are different put the big triangles here, the little ones next to them, Sort consistently by a single attribute and re-classify Follow verbal rules for sorting scaffolded by an adult. then the big circles there and then the little circles." by different attributes. (These may be made with shifting criteria; Record the outcome of a sort Sort consistently and exhaustively by an attribute, nevertheless, they play an essential role in number, given or created, and uses the terms "some" and Counting in fives (tallying) through the unitising process.) Make graphs by classifying and representing data in "Fix" a simple sort with mistakes. those categories (pictograms, ten frames, tally charts. Compare category frequencies (most and least popular). block diagrams, sorting diagrams e.g. Venn) Visually compares two graphs (pictograms, ten Use of the language of probability e.g. more/less and frames, tally charts, block diagrams, sorting diagrams predict outcomes e.g. Venn) Children at the expected level of development will: **Number Early** - Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number; - Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5; **Learning Goal** - Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts

### **East Midlands Academy Trust** Maths Curriculum Manageable Steps - Year 1













### **Autumn** • Count at least 20 objects • Represent numbers from 10 to at least 20 • Explore the **structure** of numbers up to at least 20

• Represent numbers to at least 20 on a number line • Estimate numbers on a number line

• Count forwards from a given number to another given number

• Count backwards from a given number to another given number

• Read numbers 0 - 20 in words and write using numerals

• Read numbers 0 - 20 in numerals and write in words

• Compare numbers identifying which one is more

• Compare number identifying which one is less

Order numbers

• Find **1 more** than a number up to at least 20

• Find **1 less** than a number up to at least 20 • Recognise 2 -D shapes

· Recognise and name rectangles

Recognise and name squares

· Recognise and name circles

Recognise and name triangles

· Compare 2-D shapes and explain how they are similar or different

• Add 1 to numbers up to 20

• Subtract 1 from numbers up to 20

• Write addition problems by combining two sets using + and =

• Write subtraction problems by taking away, using - and =

Partition 5

• Find and represent all addition number facts of 5

• Find and represent all subtraction number facts of 5

Partition 6

• Find and represent all addition number facts of 6

• Find and represent all subtraction number facts of 6

• Count up to 100

• Explore the structure of numbers up to 100

• Recognise the patterns in the number sequence 1-100

• Represent numbers on a number line

• Estimate numbers on a number line

• Count forwards from a given number to another given number.

· Count backwards from a given number to another given number

• Compare numbers identifying which one is more

Compare numbers identifying which one is less

Order numbers

• Find 1 more than a number

· Find 1 less than a number

Partition 7

• Find and represent all addition number facts of 7

• Find and represent all subtraction number facts of 7

• Find and represent all addition number facts of 8

• Find and represent all subtraction number facts of 8

Partition 9

• Find and represent all addition number facts of 9

• Find and represent all subtraction number facts of 9

• Partition 10 • Find and represent all addition number facts of 10

• Find and represent all subtraction number facts of 10

• Recognise 3 - D shapes

• Recognise and name cuboids

 Recognise and name cubes · Recognise and name pyramids

Recognise and name spheres

Compare 3-D shapes and explain how they are similar or different

### Spring Find and represent all addition number facts of 11 Find and represent all subtraction number facts of 11

Find and represent all addition number facts of 12 Find and represent all subtraction number facts of 12

Partition 13

Partition 12

Find and represent all addition number facts of 13 Find and represent all subtraction number facts of 13

Partition 14

Find and represent all addition number facts of 14 Find and represent all subtraction number facts of 14

**Addition and Subtraction** 

Find and represent all addition number facts of 15 Find and represent all subtraction number facts of 15

Partition 16

Find and represent all addition number facts of 16 Find and represent all subtraction number facts of 16

Compare lengths using the language of longer than and shorter than Order lengths

Measure length using non-standard units

Compare heights using the language of taller than and shorter than

Order heights

Measure heights using non-standard units

Measure lengths and heights using common standard units

Find and represent all addition number facts of 17 Find and represent all subtraction number facts of 17 Find and represent all addition number facts of 18

Find and represent all subtraction number facts of 18

Partition 19

Find and represent all addition number facts of 19 Find and represent all subtraction number facts of 19

Partition 20

Recognise a half as one of two equal parts of an object or shape

Find 1/2 of objects Find 1/2 of an amount

Recognise a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object or shape

Find 1/4 of objects Find 1/4 of an amount

Use mathematical language to describe position

Use mathematical language to describe movement along a straight line Use mathematical language to **describe** a turn, including **whole** and **half turns** Use mathematical language to **describe** a turn, including **quarter turns** Use mathematical language to describe a turn, including three-quarter turns

	Summer
Addition and Subtraction	Add two single digit numbers within 10 Add two single digit numbers bridging 10 Add ten and a single digit number Add 9 and a single digit number Subtract a single digit number from a single digit number Subtract a single digit number from a 2-digit number less than 20 without bridging 10 Subtract a single digit number from a 2-digit number less than 20 bridging 10 Subtract 10 from a two-digit number up to 20 Subtract 9 from a two-digit number up to 20 Find the difference between two numbers
Measurement: Time	Know and use the days of the week Know and use the months of the year Recognise and use language relating to dates Tell the time to the hour Draw hands on a clock face to show time to the hour Tell the time to half past the hour Draw hands on a clock face to show time to half past the hour Sequence events in chronological order within the same day Sequence events in chronological order within the same week Measure time Compare times using quicker, slower, earlier, later
Multiplication and Division	Double numbers up to at least 10 Halve numbers up to (at least) 20 Count (from zero) in equal steps of 2s Count (from zero) in equal steps of 5s Count (from zero) in equal steps of 10s Use equal groups for multiplication Use arrays for multiplication Use grouping for division Use sharing for division Decide whether to multiply or divide to represent problems
Measurement: Money	Recognise and know the value of the 1p coin Recognise and know the value of the 2p coin Recognise and know the value of the 5p coin Recognise and know the value of the 10p coin Recognise and know the value of the 20p coin Recognise and know the value of the 5p coin Recognise and know the value of the £1 coin Recognise and know the value of the £2 coin Recognise and know the value of the £5 note Recognise and know the value of the £10 note Recognise and know the value of the £20 note Compare mass of objects, heavier /lighter than
surement: lass and apacity	Order objects by mass  Measure the mass of objects using non-standard units  Measure the mass of objects using standard units  Compare capacity of containers

Measure capacities using non-standard units

Measure capacities using standard units

## East Midlands Academy Trust Maths Curriculum Manageable Steps – Year 2













	Autumn	
Number and Place Value	<ul> <li>Represent 2-digit numbers</li> <li>Recognise the value of digits in 2-digit numbers</li> <li>Partition 2-digit numbers in different ways</li> <li>Read 2-digit numbers in words and write using numerals</li> <li>Read 2-digit numbers in numerals and write in words</li> <li>Identify 2-digit numbers on a number line</li> <li>Represent 2-digit numbers on a number line</li> <li>Estimate numbers on a number line</li> <li>Compare any two 2-digit numbers using &lt;&gt; and =</li> <li>Order 2-digit numbers with different tens from smallest to greatest</li> <li>Order 2-digit numbers with the same tens from smallest to greatest</li> <li>Order 2-digit numbers</li> </ul>	Multiplication and Division:  Multiplication Tables
Geometry Geometry	<ul> <li>Find 10 more than a given number</li> <li>Identify and describe the properties of pentagons, hexagons and octagons</li> <li>Identify symmetry properties of 2-D shapes using vertical lines</li> <li>Identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes including the number of vertices</li> <li>Identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes including the number of edges</li> <li>Identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes including the number of faces</li> <li>Show that addition is commutative</li> <li>Recall and use addition facts of two single digits bridging 10</li> </ul>	Measurement: Length and Mss
Addition and Subtraction: Addition	<ul> <li>Recall and use addition facts of single digit doubles</li> <li>Use addition facts of 10 to derive facts of 100</li> <li>Add ones to 2-digit numbers <ul> <li>using number facts where the tens don't change</li> <li>using bridging</li> <li>by rounding to ten then compensating</li> </ul> </li> <li>Add multiples of ten to 2-digit numbers using number facts</li> <li>Add two 2-digit numbers <ul> <li>by counting on in tens then 1s</li> <li>using partitioning and recombining (no regrouping)</li> <li>using partitioning and recombining</li> <li>by rounding to the nearest ten then compensating</li> <li>choosing an efficient strategy</li> </ul> </li> <li>Add three single digit numbers</li> </ul>	Fractions
Addition and Subtraction: Subtraction	<ul> <li>Understand why subtraction is not commutative</li> <li>Recall subtraction facts of two single digits within 10</li> <li>Recall subtraction facts of 2-digit numbers (20 or less) subtract a single digit not bridging 10</li> <li>Recall subtraction facts of 2-digit numbers (20 or less) subtract a single digit bridging 10</li> <li>Use subtraction facts of 10 to subtract multiples of ten from 100</li> <li>Subtract ones from 2-digit numbers using number facts where the tens don't change</li> <li>Subtract ones from 2-digit numbers using bridging</li> <li>Subtract ones from 2-digit numbers by rounding to ten then compensating</li> <li>Subtract multiples of ten from 2-digit numbers using number facts</li> <li>Subtract two 2-digit numbers by counting back in tens then 1 s</li> <li>Subtract two 2-digit numbers by rounding to the nearest ten then compensating</li> <li>Subtract by finding the difference between two numbers - counting on</li> <li>Derive addition and subtraction facts using inverse operations</li> </ul>	doney Measurement: Time
Geometry	<ul> <li>Identify and describe the properties of cylinders</li> <li>Identify and describe the properties of cones</li> <li>Identify and describe 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes</li> <li>Compare and sort 3-D shapes and explain how they are similar or different</li> <li>Compare and sort 2-D shapes and explain how they are similar or different</li> </ul>	Measurement: Money
etry: Multiplication and ion Division	<ul> <li>Count in steps of 3 from zero</li> <li>Show and use the connection between multiplication and repeated addition</li> <li>Create multiplication statements to describe and solve equal grouping problems</li> <li>Use arrays to solve multiplication problems</li> <li>Show and use the commutativity of multiplication</li> <li>Create division statements to describe and solve grouping problems</li> <li>Create division statements to describe sharing and solve problems</li> <li>Show that division is not commutative</li> <li>Use mathematical language to describe position</li> <li>Use mathematical language to describe direction of a turn, including meaning of clockwise and anticlockwise</li> </ul>	

Understand and use the language of right angles to describe the size of turn

Order combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences

Interpret and devise instructions for following a simple route

GIIG	
	Spring
Multiplication and Division: Multiplication Tables	<ul> <li>Build the 2x table and count in steps of 2 from zero</li> <li>Recall and use multiplication facts for the 2 times table</li> <li>Recall and use division facts for the 2 times table</li> <li>Recognise and use odd and even numbers</li> <li>Build the 10x table and count in steps of 10 from zero</li> <li>Recall and use multiplication facts for the 10 times table</li> <li>Recall and use division facts for the 10 times table</li> <li>Build the 5x table and count in steps of 5 from zero Tables</li> <li>Recall and use multiplication facts for the 5 times table</li> <li>Recall and use division facts for the 5 times table</li> <li>Recall and use division facts for the 5 times table</li> <li>Use factor, factor, product relationship to derive multiplication and division statements</li> </ul>
Measurement: Length and Mss	<ul> <li>Read scales in divisions of ones and twos,</li> <li>Read scales in divisions of fives and tens</li> <li>Measure the mass of objects (kg) Measure the mass of objects (g)</li> <li>Estimate the mass of objects</li> <li>Compare the mass of objects using &gt;, &lt; and =</li> <li>Order the mass of objects</li> <li>Measure lengths (m)</li> <li>Measure lengths (cm)</li> <li>Compare lengths using &gt;, &lt; and =</li> <li>Order lengths</li> <li>Measure heights (cm)</li> <li>Compare heights using &gt;, &lt; and =</li> </ul>
Fractions	<ul> <li>Recognise one third as one of three equal parts of a shape and use fraction notation</li> <li>Find 1/3 of objects</li> <li>Find 1/3 of an amount</li> <li>Recognise two quarters as two of four equal parts, or two of one quarter of a shape and use fraction notation</li> <li>Find 2/4 of objects</li> <li>Find 2/4 of an amount</li> <li>Recognise that a half is equivalent to two quarters</li> <li>Recognise three quarters as three of four equal parts, or three of one quarter of a shape and use fraction notation</li> <li>Find 3/4 of objects</li> <li>Find 3/4 of an amount</li> </ul>
Measurement: Time	<ul> <li>Tell the time using quarter past the hour on an analogue clock</li> <li>Tell the time using quarter to the hour on an analogue clock</li> <li>Draw the hands on a clock to show quarter past/to the hour on an analogue clock</li> <li>Know and use the fact that there are 60 minutes in 1 hour</li> <li>Tell the time to five-minute intervals past the hour on an analogue clock</li> <li>Draw the hands on a clock to show five-minute intervals past the hour on an analogue clock</li> <li>Tell the time to five minute intervals to the hour on an analogue clock</li> <li>Draw the hands on a clock to show five-minute intervals to the hour on an analogue clock</li> <li>Order or sequence intervals of time, including the fact that there are 24 hours in one day</li> </ul>
Measurement: Money	<ul> <li>Combine £1, £2, £5 and £10 use the symbol for pounds (£)</li> <li>Find the sum of different amounts of pounds</li> <li>Combine 1p, 2p and 5p coins to make different totals</li> <li>Combine 10p, 20p and 50p coins to make different totals</li> <li>Find the sum of different amounts of pence</li> <li>Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money</li> <li>Calculate change from 50p</li> <li>Calculate change from £1</li> </ul>

	Summer
Statistics	<ul> <li>Interpret a table</li> <li>Construct a tally chart</li> <li>Interpret a pictogram where the symbol represents a single item</li> <li>Construct a pictogram where the symbol represents a single item</li> <li>Interpret a pictogram where the symbol represents 2 items</li> <li>Construct a pictogram where the symbol represents 2 items</li> <li>Interpret a pictogram where the symbol represents 5 or 10 items</li> <li>Construct a pictogram where the symbol represents 5 or 10 items</li> <li>Interpret a block diagram</li> <li>Construct a block diagram</li> </ul>
Measurement: Capacity and Temperature	Measure capacity using litres     Measure capacity using millilitres     Estimate capacity using litres     Estimate capacity using millilitres     Compare capacity, > and <     Order capacities     Measure temperature
Place Value	<ul> <li>Read, write, compare and order 2-digit numbers</li> <li>Find 10 more or less of a 2-digit number</li> </ul>
Addition and Subtraction	Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 10 and know that addition is commutative
Addition and Subtraction	Add two 2-digit numbers
Addition and Subtraction	Subtract two 2-digit numbers
Geometry and Measurement	<ul> <li>Identify and describe the properties of 2-D and 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces</li> <li>Tell the time to quarter to/past and 5-minute intervals</li> <li>Calculate change and combine coins to make amounts</li> </ul>
Multiplicati on and Division	<ul> <li>Understand how multiplication and divison can be represented and know that multiplication is commutative Know and use multiplication and division facts for 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables</li> <li>Read scales in divisions of 1, 2, 5 and 10</li> </ul>
Fractions	Recognise and find one half, one third and one quarter

## **East Midlands Academy Trust** Maths Curriculum Manageable Steps - Year 3















	Autumn	Spring	Summer			
	<ul> <li>Represent 3-digit numbers</li> <li>Recognise the value of digits in 3-digit numbers</li> <li>Partition 3-digit numbers in different ways</li> <li>Read 3-digit numbers in words and write using numerals</li> <li>Read 3-digit numbers in numerals and write in words</li> <li>Read 3-digit numbers in words and write using numerals including zero as a place holder</li> <li>Read 3-digit numbers in numerals and write in words, including zero as a place holder</li> <li>Identify 3-digit numbers on a number line</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recognise and represent unit fractions Recognise and represent non-unit fractions</li> <li>Compare two proper fractions which have the same denominator Order a set of proper fractions which have the same denominator Compare two unit fractions</li> <li>Order a set of unit fractions</li> <li>Compare two proper fractions which have the same numerator &gt;1 (small denominator) Order a set of proper fractions which have the same numerator &gt;1 (small denominator) Recognise and show equivalent proper fractions (denominators multiples of each other)</li> </ul>	Fractions	Find unit fractions of a number of objects Find unit fractions of an amount Find non-unit fractions of a number of objects Find non-unit fractions of an amount Add fractions with the same denominator within one whole Subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole Read Roman numerals up to XII Know the number of seconds in a minute and multiple minutes		
Number and Place Value	<ul> <li>Represent 3-digit numbers on a number line</li> <li>Count in steps of 50 and 100 from zero</li> <li>Count up in steps of 10 from any 2 or 3-digit number</li> <li>Count back in steps of 100 from any 3-digit number</li> <li>Count up in steps of 100 from any 3-digit number</li> <li>Count back in steps of 100 from any 3-digit number</li> <li>Find 10 more than a given number</li> <li>Find 10 less than a given number</li> <li>Find 100 less than a given number</li> <li>Find 100 less than a given number</li> <li>Order 3-digit numbers with different hundreds</li> <li>Order 3-digit numbers with the same hundreds</li> <li>Order 3-digit numbers</li> <li>Find tenths of whole numbers and express as fractions and decimals</li> <li>Count up in tenths and position them on a number line</li> <li>Count down in tenths and position them on a number line</li> </ul>	Use column addition for two 3-digit numbers when regrouping is required in the ones column     Use column addition for two 3-digit numbers when regrouping is required in the tens column     Use column addition for two 3-digit numbers when regrouping is required in multiple columns     Use column addition for 3-digit and 2-digit numbers when regrouping is required in the tens column     Use column addition for 3-digit and 2-digit numbers when regrouping is required in the tens column     Use column addition for 3-digit and 2-digit numbers when regrouping is required in multiple columns     Choose efficient methods to add numbers with up to 3-digits     Use column subtraction for 3-digit numbers when exchanging is required in the tens column     Use column subtraction for 3-digit numbers when exchanging is required in multiple columns     Use column subtraction for 3-digit and 2-digit numbers when exchanging is required in the tens column     Use column subtraction for 3-digit and 2-digit numbers when exchanging is required in the tens column     Use column subtraction for 3-digit and 2-digit numbers when exchanging is required in the hundreds column     Use column subtraction for 3-digit and 2-digit numbers when exchanging is required in the hundreds column     Use column subtraction for 3-digit and 2-digit numbers when exchanging is required in multiple columns     Choose efficient methods to subtract numbers when exchanging is required in multiple columns	nd Mass Measurement: Time	<ul> <li>Know the number of days in each month, year and leap year</li> <li>Tell the time to one-minute intervals past the hour on an analogue clock</li> <li>Draw the hands on a clock to show one-minute intervals past the hour on an analogue clock</li> <li>Tell the time to one-minute intervals to the hour on an analogue clock</li> <li>Draw the hands on a clock to show one-minute intervals to the hour on an analogue clock</li> <li>Read analogue time and record using digital format</li> <li>Read digital time and write using 'to' and 'past'</li> <li>Sequence events using a.m. and p.m.</li> <li>Compare times given in seconds, minutes and/or hours</li> <li>Calculate the duration of events less than one hour</li> <li>Calculate the duration of events more than one hour</li> <li>Use a ruler to measure lengths in millimetres</li> <li>Compare the length of two objects</li> <li>Order lengths</li> </ul>		
Geometry	<ul> <li>Identify and draw horizontal lines</li> <li>Identify and draw vertical lines</li> <li>Identify and draw parallel lines</li> <li>Identify and draw perpendicular lines</li> <li>Draw common 2D shapes</li> <li>Name and describe 3D shapes</li> <li>Make 3D shapes using modelling materials</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Multiply 2-digit numbers by 10 using place value</li> <li>Multiply 1-digit numbers by multiples of 10 using place value</li> <li>Use the distributive law to multiply a teens number by a one-digit number</li> <li>Use the distributive law to multiply a two-digit number by a one-digit number</li> <li>Multiply 2-digit numbers by a 1-digit number using a formal written method (regroup ones)</li> <li>Multiply 2-digit numbers by a 1-digit number using a formal written method (regroup tens)</li> </ul>	ısurement: Length ar	<ul> <li>Add lengths</li> <li>Subtract lengths</li> <li>Find the perimeter of a 2-D shapes by measuring</li> <li>Compare mass</li> <li>Order mass</li> <li>Add and subtract mass</li> <li>Measure capacity</li> <li>Add and subtract capacities</li> </ul>		
Multiplication and Division	Build the 3x table Recall and use multiplication facts for the 3 times table Recall and use division facts for the 3 times table Build the 4x table and count in steps of 4 and multiples of 4 from zero Recall and use multiplication facts for the 4 times table Recall and use division facts for the 4 times table Build the 8x table and count in steps of 8 and multiples of 8 from zero Recall and use multiplication facts for the 8 times table Recall and use division facts for the 8 times table Recall and use division facts for the 8 times table	Multiply 2-digit numbers by a 1-digit number using a formal written method (multiple)  Use efficient methods to multiply a two-digit number by a one-digit number  Divide near multiples by 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10 with remainders  Divide a 3-digit multiple of ten by 10 using place value  Use known facts and place value when dividing mentally by 2, 3, 4, 5, and 8 e.g. 120 ÷ 4  Use partitioning to divide by a single digit number where the quotient is a teens number  Use multiplication or division to solve scaling or correspondence problems  Use combinations of coins to make amounts beyond £1  Add amounts in pence expressing the answer using £ and p (regrouping in the tens)	Geometry: Mea	Use scaling with measures  Understand that angle is a description of turn  Understand that angles are a feature of shapes  Identify a right angle as a quarter turn  Identify when a shape has a right angle  Recognise that 2 right angles make a half-turn, 3 make three-quarters of a turn and 4 a complete turn  Identify angles that are less than or greater than a right angle		
Addition and Subtraction: Mental Methods	<ul> <li>Add ones to three-digit numbers using number facts where the tens don't change</li> <li>Add ones to three-digit numbers by rounding to ten then compensating</li> <li>Add tens to three-digit numbers using number facts, where the hundreds don't change</li> <li>Add tens to three-digit numbers using bridging</li> <li>Add hundreds to three-digit numbers using number facts</li> <li>Add 99 to three-digit numbers using rounding to the nearest hundred and then compensating</li> <li>Add two 3-digit numbers using rounding to the nearest hundred and then compensating</li> <li>Add two 3-digit numbers by partitioning and recombining (no regrouping)</li> <li>Add two 2-digit numbers where the sum exceeds 100, choosing an efficient mental strategy</li> <li>Subtract ones from three-digit numbers using number facts where the tens don't change</li> <li>Subtract ones from three-digit numbers using bridging</li> <li>Subtract tens from three-digit numbers using number facts where the hundreds don't change</li> <li>Subtract tens from three-digit numbers using number facts where the hundreds don't change</li> <li>Subtract tens from three-digit numbers using number facts</li> <li>Subtract from three-digit numbers using number facts</li> <li>Subtract two 3-digit numbers using partitioning no exchanging</li> <li>Subtract two 3-digit numbers using partitioning no exchanging</li> <li>Subtract by finding the difference between two 3-digit numbers with the same hundreds digits</li> <li>Subtract by finding the difference between two numbers with different hundreds digits</li> </ul>	• Add amounts in pounds and pence • Subtract pence from £5 • Subtract pounds and pence from £10 • Calculate change beyond £1	Statistics	Interpret a pictogram where the symbol represents multiple items Construct a pictogram where the symbol represents multiple items Statistics Interpret a bar chart Construct a bar chart Interpret data in a table Create a table to show data  Interpret data in a table		

## **East Midlands Academy Trust** Maths Curriculum Manageable Steps – Year 4













Autumn	<u>Spring</u>	Summer						
Represent 4-digit numbers in words and write using numerals Read 4-digit numbers in words and write using numerals Read 4-digit numbers in words and write using numerals Read 4-digit numbers in words and write using numerals including zero as a place holder Read 4-digit numbers in numerals and write in words, including zero as a place holder identify 4-digit numbers on a number line Property of the present 4-digit numbers on a number line Count in multiples of 25 Count up in multiples of 100 from any number Find 1000 more than a given number Find 1000 more than a given number Compare two 4-digit numbers with different thousands Order 4-digit numbers with different thousands Order 4-digit numbers with different thousands Order 4-digit numbers with the same thousands Round 3-digit numbers to the nearest 10 Round 4-digit numbers to the nearest 100 Round 3-digit numbers to the nearest 100 Round 3-digit numbers to the nearest 100 Round 3-digit numbers to the nearest 100 Round 4-digit number to 4-d	Build the 11x table and count in steps of 11 from zero Recall and use multiplication facts for the 11 times table Recall and use multiplication facts for the 12 times table Recall and use multiplication facts for the 12 times table Recall and use multiplication facts for the 12 times table Recall and use multiplication facts for the 12 times table Use knowledge of factor pairs (commutativity) when multiplying mentally three numbers together, such as 2 x 6 x 5 = 10 x 6 = 60  Add two 4-digit numbers, no regrouping Use column addition for two 4-digit numbers when regrouping is required in the nones column Use column addition for two 4-digit numbers when regrouping is required in the hundreds column Use column addition for two 4-digit numbers when regrouping is required in multiple columns Use column addition for two 4-digit numbers when regrouping is required in multiple columns Use column addition for 4-digit and 3-digit numbers when regrouping is required in multiple columns Use column addition for 4-digit and 3-digit numbers when regrouping is required in multiple columns Use column addition for 4-digit and 3-digit numbers when exceeds 1000  Use column addition for 4-digit and 2-digit numbers when exceeding its required in multiple columns Use column subtraction for 4-digit numbers when exchanging is required in multiple columns Use column subtraction for 4-digit numbers when exchanging is required in multiple columns Use column subtraction for 4-digit numbers when exchanging is required in multiple columns Use columns subtraction for 4-digit numbers when exchanging is required in multiple columns Use columns Use column subtraction for 4-digit numbers when exchanging is required in multiple columns Use columns subtraction for 4-digit numbers when exchanging is required in multiple columns Use columns Use column subtraction for 4-digit numbers when exchanging is required in multiple columns Use columns Use column subtraction for 4-digit numbers when exchanging is required in multiple columns Use columns Use col	PRECOGNISE that hundredths arise from dividing a number (or object) into one hundred equal parts and dividing tenths by ten  Read and represent a number with 2 decimal places  Count up in hundredths  Divide a one-digit number by 100  Divide a two-digit number by 100  Divide a two-digit number by 100  Compare numbers with 1 dp  Compare numbers with 1 dp  Compare numbers with 1 dp  Convert from pounds to pence  Add fractions with the same denominator within and beyond one whole  Calculate a unit fraction of an amount when the answer is a whole number  Calculate a non-unit fraction of an amount when the answer is a whole number identify equivalent fractions  Find families of equivalent fractions  Find families of equivalent fractions to 1/4, 1/2, 3/4  Use mental strategies to add numbers with 2 dp  Use columnar addition for numbers with 2 dp  Use columnar addition for numbers with 2 dp  Use columnar subtraction for numbers with 2 dp  Use columnar subtraction for numbers with 2 dp  Use convert from 12-hour analogue time to 24-hour time  Convert from Weeks to days  Convert from weeks to days  Convert from kilograms to grams  Convert from kilo						

### **East Midlands Academy Trust** Maths Curriculum Manageable Steps - Year 5



Calcul











	Autumn
Number and Place Value	<ul> <li>Represent 5-digit numbers</li> <li>Recognise the value of digits in 5-digit numbers</li> <li>Read 5-digit numbers in words and write using numerals including zero as a place holder</li> <li>Read 5-digit numbers in numerals and write in words, including zero as a place holder</li> <li>Identify and represent 5-digit numbers on a number line</li> <li>Compare 5-digit numbers</li> <li>Represent numbers up to one million</li> <li>Recognise the value of digits in numbers up to one million</li> <li>Read 6-digit numbers in words and write using numerals including zero as a place holder</li> <li>Read 6-digit numbers in numerals and write in words, including zero as a place holder</li> <li>Identify and represent 6-digit numbers on a number line</li> <li>Compare 6-digit numbers</li> <li>Order numbers up to one million</li> <li>Round any 5-digit number to the nearest 10 000</li> <li>Round any 6-digit number to the nearest 100 000</li> <li>Count forwards and backwards in whole number steps including through zero</li> <li>Understand and use negative numbers in context, including temperatures below 0°C</li> </ul>
Decimals	<ul> <li>Recognise that thousandths arise from dividing a number (or object) into one thousand equal parts and dividing hundredths by ten</li> <li>Read a number with three decimal places</li> <li>Represent decimal numbers with up to 3 decimal places</li> <li>Write decimal equivalents of any number of thousandths</li> <li>Identify decimal numbers, with up to 3 decimal places, on a number line</li> <li>Position decimal numbers, with up to 3 decimal places, on a number line</li> <li>Compare a set of numbers written to three decimal places</li> <li>Order decimal numbers with 3 decimal places</li> <li>Compare numbers with a mixed number of decimal places</li> <li>Order numbers with a mixed number of decimal places</li> <li>Round numbers with two decimal places to one decimal place</li> <li>Round numbers with two decimal places to the nearest whole number</li> </ul>
Geometry	Identify cubes from nets     Identify cuboids from nets
Addition and Subtraction	<ul> <li>Add two whole numbers choosing an efficient mental strategy</li> <li>Subtract two whole numbers choosing an efficient mental strategy</li> <li>Use column addition for two numbers with more than 4 digits when regrouping is required in multiple columns</li> <li>Use column subtraction for two numbers with more than 4 digits when exchanging is required in multiple columns</li> <li>Use column addition for numbers with 3 decimal places when regrouping is required</li> <li>Use column addition for numbers with 1, 2 or 3 decimal places when regrouping is required</li> <li>Use column subtraction for numbers with 3 decimal places when exchanging is required</li> <li>Use column subtraction for numbers with 1, 2 or 3 decimal places when exchanging is required</li> <li>Add two decimal numbers choosing an efficient strategy</li> <li>Subtract two decimal numbers choosing an efficient strategy</li> </ul>
Multiplication and Division	Multiply a whole number by 10 Multiply a whole number by 100 Multiply a whole number by 1000 Multiply a decimal by 10 Multiply a decimal by 100 Multiply a decimal by 1000 Multiply a decimal by 1000 Divide a whole number by 10 Divide a whole number by 100 Divide a whole number by 1000 Divide a decimal by 100 Divide a decimal by 10 Divide a decimal by 10 Divide a decimal by 100
erties of ımber	Find prime numbers up to 20     Find prime and composite numbers up to 20     Express a given number as the product of prime factors     Know how to test if a number up to 100 is prime     Find the common factors of two numbers.

Find the common factors of two numbers

 Find square numbers and use the notation for squared Find cube numbers and use the notation for cubed

· Find multiples of a given number

### **Spring** Multiply numbers up to 4-digits by a one-digit number using short multiplication Multiply 2 digit by 2 digit numbers using the distributive law Multiply 2 digit by 2 digit numbers using long multiplication • Multiply 3 digit numbers by 2 digit numbers using long multiplication • Multiply 4 digit numbers by 2 digit numbers using long multiplication • Use efficient methods to multiply mentally • Use known facts and place value to multiply a whole number by a decimal • Multiply a one-digit number by a decimal (1dp) using a formal written method • Multiply a one-digit number by a decimal (2dp) using a formal written method Divide a four-digit number by a one-digit number using short division (divisor < thousands digit) with no remainder Divide a four-digit number by a one-digit number using short division (thousands digit = multiple of divisor, divisor < hundreds digit) with no remainder Divide a four-digit number by a one-digit number using short division (divisor > thousands digit) with no remainder Divide a four-digit number by a one-digit number using short division (divisor < thousands Divide a four-digit number by a one-digit number using short division (divisor > thousands digit) with a remainder Know what congruence means Carry out a translation described using mathematical language Carry out a reflection using a line parallel to the axes including touching the object Carry out a reflection using a line parallel to the axes and crossing the object • Describe a reflection · Carry out a translation described using mathematical language Identify equivalent fractions represented visually Compare fractions whose denominators are multiples of the same number Order fractions whose denominators are multiples of the same number Represent tenths and hundredths • Write a number less than 1 with one decimal place as a fraction Write a number less than 1 with two decimal places as a fraction Write a number less than 1 with three decimal places as a fraction • Understand that per cent relates to number of parts per hundred Write any percentage as a fraction with a denominator of 100 Write any percentage as a decimal Know percentage equivalents of 1/2, 1/4, 1/5, 2/5, 4/5 Establish percentage equivalents of fractions with a denominator of multiples of 10 Establish percentage equivalents of fractions with a denominator of multiples of 25 Convert kilometres to metres using decimal notation Convert metres to kilometres using decimal notation Convert metres to centimetres using decimal notation Convert centimetres to metres using decimal notation Convert between centimetres and millimetres using decimal notation Calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes where all measurements are given including mixed units Calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes where some measurements need to be calculated Convert between kilograms and grams using decimal notation Convert between litres and millilitres using decimal notation Know approximate equivalences between metric and imperial units including pounds · Know approximate equivalences between inches and centimetres

### Summer

- · Convert a mixed number into an improper fraction
- · Convert an improper fraction into a mixed number
- Add proper fractions denominator multiples within the whole
- Add proper fractions denominator multiples = mixed number answer
- Add mixed number and proper fraction, same denominator = mixed number
- Add mixed number and proper fraction, same denominator = mixed number answer (beyond whole)
- Add mixed number and proper fraction, denominator multiples = mixed number
- Add mixed number and proper fraction, denominator multiples = mixed number answer (beyond whole) Subtract proper fraction from mixed number, same denominator within the
- whole Subtract proper fraction from mixed number, same denominator (across
- Subtract proper fractions, denominator multiples within the whole
- Subtract proper fractions from mixed number, denominator multiples within the
- Subtract proper fractions from mixed number, denominator multiples (across
- Multiply unit fraction by a whole number
- Multiply non-unit fraction by a whole number
- Multiply mixed number by a whole number
- Multiply mixed number by a whole number (beyond whole)
- Make connections between arrays and calculating the area of rectangles
- Calculate the area of rectangles (not squares)
  - · Calculate the area of squares
- Find an estimate for the area of shapes that are not rectangles
- Find an estimate for the volume of a 3D shape
- · Identify reflex angles
- know angles are measured in degrees
- Estimate acute, obtuse and reflex angles • Use a protractor to measure acute angles
- Use a protractor to measure obtuse angles
- Use a protractor to measure reflex angles
- Use a protractor to draw acute angles
- Use a protractor to draw obtuse angles
- Use a protractor to draw reflex angles
- · Identify and find angles at a point
- · Identify and find angles at a point on a straight line
- Use the properties of rectangles to find missing lengths and angles
- Know the difference between a regular and an irregular polygon
- Convert from seconds to minutes

### Convert from minutes to hours

- Convert from hours to days
- Convert from days to weeks

- · Read and interpret information given in a timetable
- · Read and interpret information given in a table
- Read and interpret information given in a line graph

### **East Midlands Academy Trust** Maths Curriculum Manageable Steps - Year 6













Autumn	Spring
Represent 7-digit numbers Recognise the value of digits in 7-digit numbers Read 7-digit numbers in words and write using numerals including zero as a place holder Read 7-digit numbers in numerals and write in words, including zero as a place holder Identify and represent 7-digit numbers on a number line Compare numbers up to 10,000,000 Order numbers up to 10,000,000 Round whole numbers to different degrees of accuracy Round whole numbers to different degrees of accuracy Understand and use negative numbers when working in context, such as temperature Calculate intervals across zero Add two whole numbers choosing an efficient mental strategy Use column addition for two numbers with 3 decimal places when regrouping is required in multiple columns Use column addition for numbers with 1, 2 or 3 decimal places when regrouping is required Subtract two whole numbers choosing an efficient mental strategy Subtract two decimal numbers choosing an efficient strategy Use column subtraction for two numbers with 3 decimal places when regrouping is required Use column subtraction for numbers with 3 decimal places when exchanging is required in multiple columns Use column subtraction for numbers with 3 decimal places when exchanging is required in multiple columns Use column subtraction for numbers with 3 decimal places when exchanging is required in multiple columns Use column subtraction for numbers with 3 decimal places when exchanging is required in multiple columns Use column subtraction for numbers with 3 decimal places when exchanging is required	Recognise and describe 3-D shapes Classify 3-D shapes including cylinders, cones and spheres Draw nets of 3-D shapes Construct diagrams of 3-D shapes on isometric paper Know the names and relationships of the parts of a circle  Add proper fractions (denominators not multiples of each other) within the whole (mixed number answer) Add mixed number and proper fractions (denominators not multiples of each other) fractions within whole (mixed number answer) Add mixed and proper fractions (denominators not multiples of each other) fractions beyond the whole (mixed number answer) Add mixed numbers (same denominators), fractions within and beyond the whole (mixed number answer) Add mixed numbers (denominators multiples of each other) fractions within the whole (mixed number answer) Add mixed numbers (denominators multiples of each other) fractions beyond the whole (mixed number answer) Add mixed numbers (denominators not multiples of each other) fractions within the whole (mixed number answer) Add mixed numbers (denominators not multiples of each other) fractions within the whole (mixed number answer) Subtract proper fractions (denominators not multiples of each other) within the whole Subtract proper fractions from mixed numbers, fractions within the whole (denominators not multiples of each other)
Use column subtraction for numbers with 1, 2 or 3 decimal places when exchanging is required  Identify the value of digits in decimal numbers  Multiply decimals by 10  Multiply decimals by 100  Multiply decimals by 100  Divide decimals by 100  Multiply decimals (1d.p.) by a 1-digit number  Multiply decimals (2d.p.) by a 1-digit number  Multiply decimals (2d.p.) by a 1-digit number  Find common multiples of two numbers  Find common factors of two numbers  Identify prime numbers  Multiply a 4-digit number by a 2-digit number using long multiplication  Multiply a 4-digit number by a 1-digit number using a formal written method with a whole number remainder  Divide a 4-digit number by a 2-digit number using a formal written method with no remainder  Divide a 3-digit number by a 2-digit number using a formal written method with no remainder  Divide a 4-digit number by a 2-digit number using a formal written method with no remainder  Divide a 4-digit number by a 2-digit number using a formal written method with no remainder  Divide a 4-digit number by a 2-digit number using a formal written method with a whole number remainder  Divide a 4-digit number by a 2-digit number using a formal written method with a whole number remainder  Divide a 4-digit number by a 2-digit number using a formal written method with a whole number remainder  Divide a 4-digit number by a 2-digit number using a formal written method with a whole number remainder  Divide a 4-digit number by a 2-digit number using a formal written method with a remainder expressed as a fractio  Divide a 4-digit number by a 2-digit number using a formal written method with a remainder rounding to two decimplaces	
Use coordinates to plot the position of a point in any of the four quadrants Draw and translate simple shapes Carry out a reflection using one of the axes as a mirror line	Calculate the area of a parallelogram Calculate the area of a triangle Calculate the volume of cuboids, including cubes  Use simple formulae expressed in words (e.g. time needed to cook a chicken: allow 20 minutes plus 40 minutes per
Use common factors to simplify fractions Use common multiples to find equivalent fractions Compare proper fractions Compare fractions, including fractions > 1 Order proper fractions Order fractions, including fractions > 1 Calculate decimal equivalents of fifths, eighths and tenths Know simple fractions and decimal equivalences for 10%, 20%, 25%, 50%, 75%, 100% Find equivalencies between simple fractions, decimals and percentages	kilogram) Know the basic rules of algebraic notation Express missing number problems algebraically Find combinations of two variables Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns e.g. a + b = 15 Generate a linear sequence from its description Describe and find the next terms of a linear sequence Find a missing term in a linear sequence Describe a number pattern algebraically
Find missing angles where they meet at a point Find missing angles where they meet on a straight line Find missing angles where they are vertically opposite Find unknown angles in a triangle Find unknown angles in an isosceles triangle when only one angle is known Find unknown angles in a quadrilateral Find unknown angles in regular polygons Classify 2D shapes using given categories, e.g. number of sides, symmetry Draw 2-D shapes given angles Draw 2-D shapes given dimensions and/or angles	

Draw 2-D shapes given dimensions and/or angles

	Summer
Statistics	Interpret line graphs Construct line graphs Interpret pie charts Construct a pie chart by measuring angles Understand the meaning of 'average' and calculate the mean of a set of discrete data Interpret the mean of a set of discrete data
	KS2 National Curriculum Test
Number and Place value	Read, write and order numbers up to 10,000,000 Calculate intervals across zero
Multiplication & Division	Multiply and divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 2-digit number choosing efficient methods and interpreting the remainders
FDP	Simplify, compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1 Know and use simple fraction, decimal and percentage equivalents Add and subtract fractions with denominators that are not multiples of each other and mixed numbers Find percentages of an amount
Measures	Describe and plot positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the four quadrants Know and use angle properties of straight lines, at a point and shapes
Measures: Units and Area/Vol	Convert between different units of metric measure Calculate the area of rectangles and triangles and volumes of cuboids
Algebra	Find possible values in missing number problems involving one or two unknowns

## East Midlands Academy Trust **Curriculum Progression – Number and Place Value**













	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Jnderstanding Place Value and Counting	<ul> <li>Count at least 20 objects</li> <li>Count forwards from a given number to another given number</li> <li>Count backwards from a given number to another given number</li> <li>Find 1 more than a number up to at least 20</li> <li>Find 1 less than a number up to at least 20</li> <li>Count up to 100</li> <li>Count forwards from a given number to another given number.</li> <li>Count backwards from a given number to another given number</li> <li>Find 1 more than a number</li> <li>Find 1 less than a number</li> <li>Recognise the patterns in the number sequence 1-100</li> </ul>	Recognise the value of digits in 2-digit numbers Partition 2-digit numbers in different ways Find 10 more than a given number	<ul> <li>Recognise the value of digits in 3-digit numbers</li> <li>Partition 3-digit numbers in different ways</li> <li>Count in steps of 50 and 100 from zero</li> <li>Count up in steps of 10 from any 2 or 3-digit number</li> <li>Count back in steps of 10 from any 3-digit number</li> <li>Count up in steps of 100 from any 2 or 3-digit number</li> <li>Count back in steps of 100 from any 3-digit number</li> <li>Count back in steps of 100 from any 3-digit number</li> <li>Find 10 more than a given number</li> <li>Find 10 less than a given number</li> <li>Find 100 less than a given number</li> <li>Count up in tenths and position them on a number line</li> <li>Count down in tenths and position them on a number line</li> </ul>	Recognise the value of digits in 4-digit numbers Count in multiples of 25 Count up in multiples of 1000 from any number Find 1000 more than a given number Find 1000 less than a given number Count backwards through zero to include negative numbers	Recognise the value of digits in 5-digit numbers Recognise the value of digits in numbers up to one million Count forwards and backwards in whole number steps including through zero Understand and use negative numbers in context, including temperatures below 0°C	Recognise the value of digits in 7-digit numbers     Understand and use negative numbers when working in context such as temperature     Calculate intervals across zero
Comparing Numbers	Compare numbers identifying which one is more Compare number identifying which one is less Compare numbers identifying which one is more Compare numbers identifying which one is less Order numbers	<> and = <ul> <li>Order 2-digit numbers with different tens from smallest to greatest</li> <li>Order 2-digit numbers with the same tens from smallest to greatest</li> </ul>	Compare any two 3-digit numbers Order 3-digit numbers with different hundreds Order 3-digit numbers with the same hundreds Order 3-digit numbers	Compare two 4-digit numbers     Order 4-digit numbers with different thousands     Order 4-digit numbers with the same thousands	Compare 5-digit numbers     Compare 6-digit numbers     Order numbers up to one million	Represent 7-digit numbers     Compare numbers up to     10,000,000     Order numbers up to 10,000,000
Identifying, Representing and Estimating	Explore the structure of numbers up to at least 20     Represent numbers from 10 to at least 20     Represent numbers to at least 20 on a number line     Explore the structure of numbers up to 100     Estimate numbers on a number line     Represent numbers on a number line	Represent 2-digit numbers     Identify 2-digit numbers on a number line     Represent 2-digit numbers on a number line     Estimate numbers on a number line	Represent 3-digit numbers     Identify 3-digit numbers on a number line     Represent 3-digit numbers on a number line	Represent 4-digit numbers     Identify 4-digit numbers on a number line     Represent 4-digit numbers on a number line	Represent <b>5-digit</b> numbers     Represent numbers up to <b>one million</b>	
Reading and Writing	Read numbers 0 - 20 in words and write using numerals     Read numbers 0 - 20 in numerals and write in words	Read 2-digit numbers in words and write using numerals     Read 2-digit numbers in numerals and write in words	Read 3-digit numbers in words and write using numerals Read 3-digit numbers in numerals and write in words Read 3-digit numbers in words and write using numerals including zero as a place holder Read 3-digit numbers in numerals and write in words, including zero as a place holder	Read 4-digit numbers in words and write using numerals Read 4-digit numbers in numerals and write in words Read 4-digit numbers in words and write using numerals including zero as a place holder Read 4-digit numbers in numerals and write in words, including zero as a place holder	Read 5-digit numbers in words and write using numerals including zero as a place holder Read 5-digit numbers in numerals and write in words, including zero as a place holder Identify and represent 5-digit numbers on a number line Read 6-digit numbers in words and write using numerals including zero as a place holder Read 6-digit numbers in numerals and write in words, including zero as a place holder Identify and represent 6-digit numbers on a number line	Read 7-digit numbers in words and write using numerals including zero as a place holder     Read 7-digit numbers in numerals and write in words, including zero as a place holder     Identify and represent 7-digit numbers on a number line
Rounding				Round 2-digit numbers to the nearest 10 Round 3-digit numbers to the nearest 10 Round 4-digit numbers to the nearest 10 Round 3-digit numbers to the nearest 100 Round 3 and 4-digit numbers to the nearest 100 Round 4-digit numbers to the nearest 1000 Round 4-digit numbers to the nearest 1000 Round numbers with 1dp to nearest whole number	Round any <b>6-digit</b> number to the nearest <b>100</b>	Round whole numbers to different degrees of accuracy     Round whole numbers to different degrees of accuracy

## **East Midlands Academy Trust Curriculum Progression – Addition and Subtraction (1)**













	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Number Bonds	<ul> <li>Add 1 to numbers up to 20</li> <li>Subtract 1 from numbers up to 20</li> <li>Partition, find and represent all addition and subtraction facts of numbers 5 to 20</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recall and use addition facts of two single digits bridging 10</li> <li>Recall and use addition facts of single digit doubles</li> <li>Use addition facts of 10 to derive facts of 100</li> <li>Subtract multiples of ten from 2-digit numbers using number facts</li> <li>Recall subtraction facts of two single digits within 10</li> </ul>	Add ones to 3-digit numbers using number facts where the tens don't change     Add tens to 3-digit numbers using number facts, where the hundreds don't change     Subtract ones from 3-digit numbers using number facts where the tens don't change     Subtract hundreds from 3-digit numbers using number facts     Subtract tens from 3-digit numbers using number facts     Subtract tens from 3-digit numbers using number facts where the hundreds don't change			
Mental Calculation - Addition	<ul> <li>Add two single digit numbers within 10</li> <li>Add two single digit numbers bridging 10</li> <li>Add ten and a single digit number</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Show that addition is commutative</li> <li>Add ones to 2-digit numbers using number facts where the tens don't change</li> <li>Add ones to 2-digit numbers using bridging</li> <li>Add multiples of ten to 2-digit numbers using number facts</li> <li>Add two 2-digit numbers by counting on in tens then 1s</li> <li>Add two 2-digit numbers using partitioning and recombining (no regrouping)</li> <li>Add two 2-digit numbers using partitioning and recombining</li> <li>Add two 2-digit numbers using partitioning and recombining</li> <li>Add two 2-digit numbers choosing an efficient strategy</li> <li>Add three single digit numbers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Add ones to 3-digit numbers using bridging</li> <li>Add tens to 3-digit numbers using bridging</li> <li>Add hundreds to 3-digit numbers using number facts</li> <li>Add two 3-digit numbers by partitioning and recombining (no regrouping)</li> <li>Add two 2-digit numbers where the sum exceeds 100, choosing an efficient mental strategy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Add ones to 4-digit numbers (where the 1000s change)</li> <li>Add tens to 4-digit numbers (where the 100s change)</li> <li>Add tens to 4-digit numbers (where the 1000s change)</li> <li>Add 100s to 4-digit numbers (where the 1000s change)</li> <li>Add two 3-digit numbers where the sum exceeds 1000, choosing an efficient mental strategy</li> </ul>	Add two decimal numbers choosing an efficient strategy     Add two whole numbers choosing an efficient mental strategy	Add two whole     numbers choosing an     efficient mental     strategy     Add two decimal     numbers choosing an     efficient strategy
Mental Calculation - Subtraction	Subtract a single digit number from a single digit number     Subtract a single digit number from a 2-digit number less than 20 without bridging 10     Subtract a single digit number from a 2-digit number from a 2-digit number less than 20 bridging 10     Subtract 10 from a two-digit number up to 20     Find the difference between two numbers	<ul> <li>Understand why subtraction is not commutative</li> <li>Recall subtraction facts of 2-digit numbers (20 or less) subtract a single digit not bridging 10</li> <li>Recall subtraction facts of 2-digit numbers (20 or less) subtract a single digit bridging 10</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Subtract ones from 3-digit numbers using bridging</li> <li>Subtract tens from 3-digit numbers using bridging</li> <li>Subtract two 3-digit numbers using partitioning no exchanging</li> <li>Subtract by finding the difference between two 3-digit numbers with the same hundreds digits</li> <li>Subtract by finding the difference between two numbers with different hundreds digits</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Subtract ones from 4-digit number         <ul> <li>where the 100s change</li> <li>where the 1000s change</li> </ul> </li> <li>Subtract tens from 4-digit number         <ul> <li>where the 100s change</li> <li>where the 1000s change</li> </ul> </li> <li>Subtract 100s from 4-digit number         <ul> <li>where the 1000s change</li> </ul> </li> <li>Subtract by finding the difference between two 4-digit numbers by counting on</li> <li>Use mental strategies to add numbers with 1 dp</li> <li>Use mental strategies to subtract numbers with 1 dp</li> </ul> <li>Use mental strategies to subtract numbers with 2 dp</li> <li>Use mental strategies to subtract numbers with 2 dp</li>	Subtract two whole numbers choosing an efficient mental strategy     Subtract two decimal numbers choosing an efficient strategy	Subtract two whole numbers choosing an efficient mental strategy
Rounding and compensating	Add 9 and a single digit number     Subtract 9 from a two-digit number up to 20	<ul> <li>Add ones to 2-digit numbers by rounding to ten then compensating</li> <li>Add two 2-digit numbers by rounding to the nearest ten then compensating</li> <li>Subtract two 2-digit numbers by rounding to the nearest ten then compensating</li> <li>Subtract ones from 2-digit numbers by rounding to ten then compensating</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Add ones to 3-digit numbers by rounding to ten then compensating</li> <li>Add two 3-digit numbers using rounding to the nearest hundred and then compensating</li> <li>Add 99 to 3-digit numbers using rounding to the nearest hundred and then compensating</li> <li>Subtract ones from 3-digit numbers by rounding to ten then compensating</li> <li>Subtract from 3-digit numbers using rounding and compensating</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Add 3-digit number to 4-digit number using rounding to the nearest hundred and then compensating</li> <li>Add two 4-digit numbers using rounding to the nearest thousand and then compensating Subtract 3-digit number from 4-digit number using rounding to the nearest hundred and then compensating</li> <li>Subtract 4-digit number from a 4-digit number using rounding to the nearest thousand and then compensating</li> </ul>		

## **East Midlands Academy Trust Curriculum Progression – Addition and Subtraction (2)**













	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Write addition problems by	Subtract two 2-digit numbers by	Use column addition for two 3-	• Add two 4-digit numbers, <b>no</b>	Use column addition for <b>two</b>	Use column addition for two
	combining two sets using +	counting back in tens then 1 s	digit numbers when	regrouping	numbers with more than 4 digits	numbers with mo <b>re than 4</b>
	and =	Subtract by finding the difference	- regrouping is required in the	Use column addition for <b>two 4</b> -	- when <b>regrouping</b> is required	digits when regrouping is
		between two numbers - counting on	ones column	digit numbers	in multiple columns	required in <b>multiple</b> columns
			- regrouping is required in the	- when regrouping is required in	- when <b>exchanging</b> is required	Use column addition for
			tens column	the <b>ones</b> column	in multiple columns	numbers with <b>3 decimal</b>
			- regrouping is required in	- when regrouping is required in	Use column addition for	places when regrouping is
			multiple columns	the <b>tens</b> column	numbers with <b>3 decimal places</b>	required
			Use column addition for 2 and 3-	- when regrouping is required in	when <b>regrouping</b> is required	Use column addition for
			digit numbers when	the <b>hundreds</b> column	Use column addition for	numbers with <b>1, 2 or 3 decimal</b>
			<ul> <li>regrouping is required in the</li> </ul>	- when regrouping is required in	numbers with <b>1, 2 or 3 decimal</b>	<b>places</b> when <b>regrouping</b> is
			ones column	multiple columns	places when regrouping is	required
			<ul> <li>regrouping is required in the</li> </ul>	Use column addition for two 3-	required	
Written			tens column	digit numbers where the sum		
Methods -			<ul> <li>regrouping is required in</li> </ul>	exceeds 1000		
Addition			multiple columns	Use column addition for <b>4-digit</b>		
Addition			Choose efficient methods to add	and 3-digit numbers when		
			numbers with <b>up to 3-digits</b>	regrouping is required in multiple		
				columns		
				Use column addition for 4-digit		
				and 2-digit numbers when		
				regrouping is required in multiple		
				<ul><li>columns</li><li>Use columnar addition for</li></ul>		
				numbers with 2 decimal places		
				with regrouping (carrying)		
				required		
				Use columnar subtraction for		
				numbers with 2 decimal places		
				with <b>exchanging</b> required		
	Write subtraction problems	•	Use column subtraction for 3-digit	Subtract a <b>4-digit</b> number from a	Use column subtraction for	Subtract two decimal
	by taking away, using - and =		numbers when	4-digit number, no exchanging	numbers with <b>3 decimal places</b>	numbers choosing an <b>efficient</b>
			<ul> <li>exchanging is required in the</li> </ul>	Use column subtraction for 4-digit	when <b>exchanging</b> is required	strategy
			tens column	numbers when	Use column subtraction for	Use column subtraction for
			<ul> <li>exchanging is required in the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>exchanging is required in the</li> </ul>	numbers with <b>1, 2 or 3 decimal</b>	two numbers with more than 4
			hundreds column	tens column	<b>places</b> when <b>exchanging</b> is	digits when exchanging is
			<ul> <li>exchanging is required in</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>exchanging is required in the</li> </ul>	required	required in <b>multiple</b> columns
			multiple columns	hundreds column		Use column subtraction for
VA / take a see			Use column subtraction for 3-digit	- exchanging is required in the		numbers with <b>3 decimal</b>
Written			and <b>2-digit</b> numbers when	1000s column		places when exchanging is
Methods –			- exchanging is required in the	Use column subtraction for 4-		required
Subtraction			tens column	digit numbers when exchanging		Use column subtraction for  numbers with 1, 2 or 2 decimal.
			<ul> <li>exchanging is required in the hundreds column</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>is required in multiple columns</li> <li>Use column subtraction for 4-</li> </ul>		numbers with 1, 2 or 3 decimal
			- exchanging is required in	digit and 3-digit numbers when		places when exchanging is required
			multiple columns	exchanging is required in		required
			Choose efficient methods to	multiple columns		
			subtract numbers with <b>up to 3</b> -	Use column subtraction for 4-		
			digits	digit and 2-digit numbers when		
				exchanging is required in		
				multiple columns		

multiple columns

# East Midlands Academy Trust Curriculum Progression – Multiplication and Division













	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
1ultiplication and Division Facts	Count (from zero) in equal steps of     2s     5s     10s	<ul> <li>Count in steps of 3 from zero</li> <li>Recognise and use odd and even numbers</li> <li>Build the 2x, 10x and 5x table and count in steps of 2, 10 and 5 from zero</li> <li>Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2-, 10- and 5-times table</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Build the 3x, 4x, and 8x table and count in steps of 3, 4 and 8 from 0</li> <li>Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3-, 4- and 8-times table</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Build the 6x, 9x, 7x, 11x, and 12x table and count in steps of 6, 9, 7, 11 and 12 from zero</li> <li>Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 6-, 9-, 7-, 11- and 12-times table</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Find prime numbers up to 20</li> <li>Find prime and composite numbers up to 20</li> <li>Express a given number as the product of prime factors</li> <li>Know how to test if a number up to 100 is prime</li> <li>Find the common factors of two numbers</li> <li>Find multiples of a given number</li> <li>Find square numbers and use the notation for squared</li> <li>Find cube numbers and use the notation for cubed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Find common multiples of two numbers</li> <li>Find common factors of two numbers</li> <li>Identify prime numbers</li> </ul>
Multiplying by 10, 100 and 1000			<ul> <li>Multiply 2-digit numbers by 10 using place value</li> <li>Divide a 3-digit multiple of ten by 10 using place value</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Multiply 1 and 2-digit numbers by 100</li> <li>Divide a one-digit number by 100</li> <li>Divide a two-digit number by 10</li> <li>Divide a two-digit number by 100</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Multiply a whole number by 10, 100 and 1000</li> <li>Multiply a decimal by 10, 100 and 1000</li> <li>Divide a whole number by 10, 100 and 1000</li> <li>Divide a decimal by 10 and 100</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify the value of digits in decimal numbers</li> <li>Multiply decimals by 10, 100 and 1000</li> <li>Divide decimals by 10 and 100</li> </ul>
Mental Calculation	least 10 • Halve numbers up to (at least) 20 • Use equal groups for	<ul> <li>Show and use the connection between multiplication and repeated addition</li> <li>Use arrays to solve multiplication problems</li> <li>Show and use the commutativity of multiplication</li> <li>Show that division is not commutative</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Multiply 1-digit numbers by multiples of 10 using place value</li> <li>Use known facts and place value when dividing mentally by 2, 3, 4, 5, and 8 e.g. 120 ÷ 4</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know and use the effect of multiplying by 0 and 1</li> <li>Know and use the effect of dividing by 1</li> <li>Use knowledge of factor pairs (commutativity) when multiplying mentally three numbers together, such as 2 x 6 x 5 = 10 x 6 = 60</li> <li>Multiply 1-digit numbers by multiples of 10 using place value (6, 7, 9)</li> </ul>	Use efficient methods to multiply mentally     Use known facts and place value to multiply a whole number by a decimal	<ul> <li>Multiply decimals (1d.p.) by a 1-digit number</li> <li>Multiply decimals (2d.p.) by a 1-digit number</li> </ul>
Written Methods		<ul> <li>Create multiplication         statements to describe and         solve equal grouping problems</li> <li>Create division statements to         describe and solve grouping         problems</li> <li>Create division statements to         describe sharing and solve         problems</li> <li>Use factor, factor, product         relationship to derive         multiplication and division         statements</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Multiply 2-digit numbers by a 1-digit number <ul> <li>using a formal written method (regroup ones)</li> <li>using a formal written method (regroup tens)</li> <li>using a formal written method (multiple)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Use efficient methods to multiply a two-digit number by a one-digit number</li> <li>Use the distributive law to multiply a teens number by a one-digit number</li> <li>Use the distributive law to multiply a two-digit number by a one-digit number</li> <li>Divide near multiples by 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10 with remainders</li> <li>Use partitioning to divide by a single digit number where the quotient is a teens number</li> <li>Use multiplication or division to solve scaling or correspondence problems</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Multiply 3-digit number by a 1-digit number using a formal written method <ul> <li>regroup ones</li> <li>regroup tens</li> <li>regroup hundreds</li> <li>multiple regroup</li> </ul> </li> <li>Use the distributive law to multiply a two-digit number by a one-digit number (6, 7, 9)</li> <li>Multiply 2-digit number by a 1-digit number using a formal written method (6, 7, 9)</li> <li>Divide multiples of ten by 10</li> <li>Divide multiples of a hundred by 100</li> <li>Use known facts and place value when dividing mentally e.g. 120 ÷ 6, 1200 ÷ 6, 1320 ÷ 12</li> <li>Divide near multiples by 6, 7, 9, 11 and 12 with remainders</li> <li>Divide 3-digit number by a single digit number using partitioning and place value</li> <li>Use written method to divide a 3-digit number by a single digit number (hundreds = multiple of divisor, tens &gt; divisor) with no remainder</li> <li>Use written method to divide a 3-digit number by a single digit number</li> <li>hundreds &gt; divisor, one exchange, with no remainder</li> <li>hundreds &gt; divisor, two exchanges, with no remainder</li> <li>hundreds &lt; divisor, with no remainder</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Multiply a 1-digit number by a decimal (1dp) using a formal written method</li> <li>Multiply a 1-digit number by a decimal (2dp) using a formal written method</li> <li>Divide a four-digit number by a one-digit number using         <ul> <li>short division (divisor &lt; 1000s digit) with no remainder</li> <li>short division (1000s digit = multiple of divisor, divisor &lt; hundreds digit) with no remainder</li> <li>short division (divisor &gt; 1000s digit) with no remainder</li> <li>short division (divisor &lt; 1000s digit) with a remainder</li> <li>short division (divisor &gt; 1000s digit) with a remainder</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Multiply a 4-digit number by a 1-digit number using short multiplication</li> <li>Multiply a 4-digit number by a 2-digit number using long multiplication</li> <li>Divide a 4-digit number by a 1-digit number using a formal written method with a whole number remainder</li> <li>Divide a 3-digit number by a 2-digit number         <ul> <li>using a formal written method with nremainder</li> <li>using a formal written method with a whole number remainder</li> </ul> </li> <li>Divide a 4-digit number by a 2-digit number using a formal written method with no remainder</li> <li>using a formal written method with a whole number remainder</li> <li>using a formal written method with a remainder expressed as a fraction</li> <li>using a formal written method with a remainder rounding to two decimal places</li> </ul>

## **East Midlands Academy Trust Curriculum Progression – Fractions, Decimals and Percentages**











	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Counting and Sequences			<ul> <li>Find tenths of whole numbers and express as fractions and decimals</li> <li>Count up in tenths and position them on a number line</li> <li>Count down in tenths and position them on a number line</li> </ul>	Count up in hundredths     Count down in hundredths		
Recognising and Representing	Recognise a half as one of two equal parts of an object or shape     Recognise a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object or shape	Recognise one third as one of three equal parts of a shape and use fraction notation     Recognise two quarters as two of four equal parts, or two of one quarter of a shape and use fraction notation     Recognise that a half is equivalent to two quarters     Recognise three quarters as three of four equal parts, or three of one quarter of a shape and use fraction notation	Recognise and represent unit fractions     Recognise and represent non-unit fractions     Recognise and show equivalent proper fractions (denominators multiples of each other)	Recognise that hundredths arise from dividing a number (or object) into one hundred equal parts and dividing tenths by ten     Read and represent a number with 2 decimal places	Recognise that thousandths arise from dividing a number (or object) into one thousand equal parts and dividing hundredths by ten Read a number with three decimal places Represent decimal numbers with up to 3 decimal places Identify decimal numbers, with up to 3 decimal places, on a number line Position decimal numbers, with up to 3 decimal places, on a number line Represent tenths and hundredths	
Comparing and Ordering			Compare two proper fractions which have the same denominator  Order a set of proper fractions which have the same denominator  Compare two unit fractions  Order a set of unit fractions  Compare two proper fractions which have the same numerator >1 (small denominator)  Order a set of proper fractions which have the same numerator >1 (small denominator)	Compare numbers with 1dp     Compare numbers with 2dp     Order numbers with the same number of decimal places	Compare a set of numbers written to three decimal places Order decimal numbers with 3 decimal places Compare numbers with a mixed number of decimal places Order numbers with a mixed number of decimal places Compare fractions whose denominators are multiples of the same number Order fractions whose denominators are multiples of the same number	<ul> <li>Compare proper fractions</li> <li>Order proper fractions</li> <li>Compare fractions, including fractions &gt; 1</li> <li>Order fractions, including fractions &gt; 1</li> </ul>
Equivalence				Find families of equivalent fractions     Know and use the decimal equivalents to 1/4, 1/2, 3/4     Identify equivalent fractions using diagrams	<ul> <li>Write decimal equivalents of any number of thousandths</li> <li>Identify equivalent fractions represented visually</li> <li>Establish percentage equivalents of <ul> <li>fractions with a denominator of multiples of 10</li> <li>fractions with a denominator of multiples of 25</li> </ul> </li> <li>Convert a mixed number into an improper fraction</li> <li>Convert an improper fraction into a mixed number</li> <li>Write a number less than 1 with one decimal place as a fraction</li> <li>Write a number less than 1 with two decimal places as a fraction</li> <li>Write a number less than 1 with three decimal places as a fraction</li> <li>Write any percentage as a fraction with a denominator of 100</li> <li>Write any percentage as a decimal</li> <li>Know percentage equivalents of 1/2, 1/4, 1/5, 2/5, 4/5</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use common multiples to find equivalent fractions</li> <li>Calculate decimal equivalents of fifths, eighths and tenths</li> <li>Know simple fractions and decimal equivalences for 10%, 20%, 25%, 50%, 75%, 100%</li> <li>Find equivalencies between simple fractions, decimals and percentages</li> <li>Use common factors to simplify fractions</li> </ul>
Fractions and Percentages of amounts	<ul> <li>Find 1/2 of objects</li> <li>Find 1/2 of an amount</li> <li>Find 1/4 of objects</li> <li>Find 1/4 of an amount</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Find 1/3 of objects</li> <li>Find 1/3 of an amount</li> <li>Find 2/4 of objects</li> <li>Find 2/4 of an amount</li> <li>Find 3/4 of objects</li> <li>Find 3/4 of an amount</li> </ul>	Find unit fractions of a number of objects Find unit fractions of an amount Find non-unit fractions of a number of objects Find non-unit fractions of an amount	Calculate a unit fraction of an amount when the answer is a whole number     Calculate a non-unit fraction of an amount when the answer is a whole number	Understand that <b>per cent</b> relates to number of parts per hundred	<ul> <li>Find 10%, 25%, 50% and 75% of an amount</li> <li>Find simple percentages of an amount (multiples of 10% and 5%)</li> <li>Find complex percentages of an amount (e.g. 17%, 28%, 63%))</li> <li>-Use percentages to make comparisons</li> </ul>

### **East Midlands Academy Trust Curriculum Progression - Fractions, Decimals and Percentages (2)**













	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Calculating Addition and Subtraction			Add fractions with the same denominator within one whole     Subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole	Add fractions with the same denominator within and beyond one whole  Subtract fractions with the same denominator within and beyond one whole  Use mental strategies to add numbers with 1 dp  Use mental strategies to add numbers with 2 dp  Use columnar addition for numbers with 2 decimal places with regrouping (carrying) required  Use mental strategies to subtract numbers with 1 dp  Use mental strategies to subtract numbers with 2 dp  Use columnar subtraction for numbers with 2 dp  Use columnar subtraction for numbers with 2 decimal places with exchanging required	Add proper fractions denominator multiples     within the whole     mixed number answer      Add mixed number and proper fraction,     same denominator = mixed number answer     same denominator = mixed number answer     (beyond whole)      Add mixed number and proper fraction     denominator multiples = mixed number answer     denominator multiples = mixed number answer     (beyond whole)      Subtract proper fraction from mixed number, same denominator     within the whole     across the hole      Subtract proper fractions, denominator multiples within the whole      Subtract proper fractions from mixed number, denominator multiples within the whole      Subtract proper fractions from mixed number, denominator multiples (across whole)	<ul> <li>Add proper fractions (denominators not multiples of each other) <ul> <li>within the whole</li> <li>beyond the whole (mixed number answer)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Add mixed number and proper fractions (denominators not multiples of each other) <ul> <li>fractions within whole (mixed number answer)</li> <li>fractions beyond the whole (mixed number answer)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Add mixed numbers (same denominators), fractions within and beyond the whole (mixed number answer)</li> <li>Add mixed numbers (denominators multiples of each other) fractions within the whole (mixed number answer)</li> <li>Add mixed numbers (denominators not multiples of each other) <ul> <li>fractions within the whole (mixed number answer)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Subtract proper fractions (denominators not multiples of each other) within the whole</li> <li>Subtract proper fractions (denominators not multiples of each other) within the whole</li> <li>Subtract proper fractions from mixed numbers, <ul> <li>fractions across the whole (denominators not multiples of each other)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Subtract mixed number from mixed numbers (same denominators)</li> <li>fractions within the whole</li> <li>fractions across the whole</li> </ul> <li>Subtract mixed number from mixed numbers (denominators multiples of each other)</li> <li>fractions within the whole</li> <li>fractions across the whole</li> <li>Subtract mixed number from mixed numbers (denominators not multiples of each other)</li> <li>fractions within the whole</li> <li>Subtract mixed number from mixed numbers (denominators not multiples of each other)</li> <li>fractions within the whole</li> <li>fractions within the whole</li> <li>fractions within the whole</li>
Calculating – Multiplication and Division					<ul> <li>Multiply unit fraction by a whole number</li> <li>Multiply non-unit fraction by a whole number</li> <li>Multiply mixed number by a whole number</li> <li>Multiply mixed number by a whole number (beyond whole)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions</li> <li>Divide unit fraction by whole number</li> <li>Divide fraction by whole number (numerator = divisor)</li> <li>Divide fraction by whole number (numerator = multiple of divisor)</li> <li>Divide fraction by whole number (numerator not a multiple of divisor)</li> </ul>

### **East Midlands Academy Trust Curriculum Progression – Ratio and Proportion**













	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
						• Find 10%, 25%, 50% and 75% of an amount
						Find simple percentages of an amount (multiples of 10% and 5%)
						• Find complex percentages of an amount (e.g. 17%, 28%, 63%))
Ratio and						Use percentages to make comparisons
Proportion						Find the value of the parts, given the whole
						Find the value of the whole and parts, given one part
						Use scale factors to calculate dimensions in similar shapes
						Use scale drawings

## **East Midlands Academy Trust Curriculum Progression – Geometry**











SALEL	EN SON AVERE
MY	ACADEM'S

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Identifying 2D Shapes and their properties	<ul> <li>Recognise 2 – D shapes</li> <li>Recognise and name <ul> <li>rectangles</li> <li>squares</li> <li>circles</li> <li>triangles</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify and describe the pentagons         <ul> <li>hexagons</li> <li>octagons</li> </ul> </li> <li>Identify symmetry properties of 2-D shapes using vertical lines</li> </ul>	Identify and draw     horizontal lines     vertical lines     parallel lines     perpendicular lines	Identify and describe an     equilateral triangle     isosceles triangle     scalene triangle     parallelogram     rhombus     trapezium     kite	Know the difference between a regular and an irregular polygon	Know the names and relationships of the parts of a <b>circle</b>
Identifying 3D shapes and their properties	Recognise 3 – D shapes Recognise and name cuboids Recognise and name cubes Recognise and name pyramids Recognise and name spheres	Identify and describe the properties of cylinders cones Identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes including the number of vertices edges Identify and describe 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes	• Name and describe <b>3D</b> shapes		Identify cubes from nets     Identify cuboids from nets	Recognise and describe 3-D shapes
Drawing and Construction			Draw common 2D shapes     Make 3D shapes using modelling materials	<ul> <li>Identify lines of symmetry of a 2D shape</li> <li>Identify a line of symmetry of a pattern and for a diagram of a reflection</li> <li>Use a line of symmetry to complete a symmetrical shape</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Draw nets of 3-D shapes</li> <li>Construct diagrams of 3-D shapes on isometric paper</li> <li>Draw 2-D shapes given angles</li> <li>Draw 2-D shapes given dimensions and/or angles</li> </ul>
Comparing and Classifying	<ul> <li>Compare 2-D shapes and explain how they are similar or different</li> <li>Compare 3-D shapes and explain how they are similar or different</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Compare and sort 3-D shapes and explain how they are similar or different</li> <li>Compare and sort 2-D shapes and explain how they are similar or different</li> </ul>				<ul> <li>Classify 3-D shapes including cylinders, cones and spheres</li> <li>Classify 2D shapes using given categories, e.g. number of sides, symmetry</li> </ul>
Angles			<ul> <li>Understand that angle is a description of turn</li> <li>Understand that angles are a feature of shapes</li> <li>Identify a right angle as a quarter turn</li> <li>Identify when a shape has a right angle</li> <li>Recognise that 2 right angles make a half-turn, 3 make three-quarters of a turn and 4 a complete turn</li> <li>Identify angles that are less than or greater than a right angle</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify obtuse angles</li> <li>Identify acute angles in shapes</li> <li>Identify obtuse angles in shapes</li> <li>Compare angles up to two right angles in size</li> <li>Order angles up to two right angles in size</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify reflex angles</li> <li>know angles are measured in degrees</li> <li>Estimate acute, obtuse and reflex angles</li> <li>Use a protractor to measure acute angles</li> <li>Use a protractor to measure obtuse angles</li> <li>Use a protractor to measure reflex angles</li> <li>Use a protractor to draw acute angles</li> <li>Use a protractor to draw obtuse angles</li> <li>Use a protractor to draw reflex angles</li> <li>Use a protractor to draw reflex angles</li> <li>Identify and find angles at a point</li> <li>Identify and find angles at a point on a straight line</li> <li>Use the properties of rectangles to find missing lengths and angles</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Find missing angles where they meet at a point</li> <li>Find missing angles where they meet on a straight line</li> <li>Find missing angles where they are vertically opposite</li> <li>Find unknown angles in a triangle</li> <li>Find unknown angles in an isosceles triangle when only one angle is known</li> <li>Find unknown angles in a quadrilateral</li> <li>Find unknown angles in regular polygons</li> <li>Construct a pie chart by measuring angles</li> </ul>

## **East Midlands Academy Trust Curriculum Progression – Position and Direction**













	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Pattern		Order combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences				
Movement	Use mathematical language to describe movement along a straight line	Interpret and devise instructions for following a simple route		Describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit     to the left/right     up/down     to the left/right and up	Know what congruence means     Carry out a translation described using mathematical language	Draw and translate simple shapes
Position and Coordinates		Use mathematical language to describe <b>position</b>		<ul> <li>Use coordinates to describe the position of a point in the first quadrant</li> <li>Plot points in the first quadrant using coordinates</li> <li>Use coordinates to plot a set of points to construct a polygon</li> </ul>		Use coordinates to plot the position of a point in any of the four quadrants
Reflection					Carry out a reflection using a line parallel to the axes including touching the object a line parallel to the axes and crossing the object Describe a reflection	Carry out a <b>reflection</b> using <b>one</b> of the <b>axes</b> as a mirror line
Turning and Rotation	Use mathematical language to describe a turn, including     whole and half turns     quarter turns     three-quarter turns	Use mathematical language to describe direction of a turn, including meaning of clockwise and anticlockwise     Understand and use the language of right angles to describe the size of turn				

## **East Midlands Academy Trust Curriculum Progression – Measurement**



• Calculate the **area** of **rectangles** (not squares)

• Find an estimate for the volume of a 3D shape

• Calculate the **area** of **squares** 

• Find the **area** of other **rectilinear** shapes | • Find an **estimate** for the **area** of shapes that are not









	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
comparing and stimating	<ul> <li>Compare lengths using the language of longer than and shorter than</li> <li>Order lengths</li> <li>Compare heights using the language</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Compare the mass of objects using &gt;, &lt; and =</li> <li>Compare lengths using &gt;, &lt; and =</li> <li>Compare heights using &gt;, &lt; and =</li> <li>Order the mass of objects</li> <li>Order lengths</li> <li>Estimate the mass of objects</li> <li>Estimate capacity using litres</li> <li>Estimate capacity using millilitres</li> <li>Compare capacity, &gt; and &lt;</li> <li>Order capacities</li> </ul>				
Measuring and alculating	Measure length using non-standard units     Measure heights using non-standard units     Measure lengths and heights using common standard units     Measure the mass of objects using non-standard units     Measure the mass of objects using standard units     Measure the mass of objects using standard units     Measure capacities using non-standard units     Measure capacities using standard units	-	Use a ruler to measure lengths in millimetres     Add and subtract lengths     Add and subtract mass     Measure capacity     Add and subtract capacities     Use scaling with measures			
onversion				Convert from litres to millilitres     Convert from kilograms to grams     Convert from kilometres to metres	<ul> <li>Convert kilometres to metres using decimal notation</li> <li>Convert metres to kilometres using decimal notation</li> <li>Convert metres to centimetres using decimal notation</li> <li>Convert centimetres to metres using decimal notation</li> <li>Convert between centimetres and millimetres using decimal notation</li> <li>Convert between kilograms and grams using decimal notation</li> <li>Convert between litres and millilitres using decimal notation</li> <li>Convert between litres and millilitres using decimal notation</li> <li>Know approximate equivalences between metric and imperial units including pounds and pints</li> <li>Know approximate equivalences between inches</li> </ul>	Convert between metric units from the smaller unit to the larger unit. Convert between metric units from the larger unit to the smaller unit. Convert between units of time. Convert between miles and km.
erimeter, Area and Volume			Find the <b>perimeter</b> of a 2-D shapes by <b>measuring</b>	Measure and calculate the perimeter of 2D shapes when dimensions are unknown     Calculate the perimeter of rectangles (including squares)     Calculate the perimeter of other rectilinear shapes when dimensions are known	<ul> <li>and centimetres</li> <li>Calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes where all measurements are given including mixed units</li> <li>Calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes where some measurements need to be calculated</li> <li>Make connections between arrays and calculating the area of rectangles</li> <li>Calculate the area of rectangles (not squares)</li> </ul>	Recognise that shapes with the sam areas can have different perimeter and vice versa Calculate the area of a parallelogra Calculate the area of a triangle Calculate the volume of cuboids, including cubes

Find the area of rectangles (including

squares) by **counting** squares

by **counting** squares

### **East Midlands Academy Trust Curriculum Progression - Measurement (Money)**













	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	• Recognise and know the value of the following coins:					
B	1p 2p 5p 10p 20p 50p £1 £2					
Recognise	• Recognise and know the value of the following notes:					
	£5 £10 £20					
		• Combine £1, £2, £5 and £10 use the symbol for pounds (£)	• Use combinations of coins to make amounts beyond £1	•Convert from pence to pounds		
		• Find the <b>sum</b> of different amounts of <b>pounds</b>	• Add amounts in pence expressing the answer using £	•Convert from <b>pounds to pence</b>		
		Combine 1p, 2p and 5p coins to make different totals	and p (regrouping in the tens)			
Combine		Combine 10p, 20p and 50p coins to make different totals	Add amounts in pounds and pence			
and		• Find the <b>sum</b> of different amounts of <b>pence</b>	Subtract pence from £2			
Calculate		• Find different combinations of coins that equal the same	Subtract pence from £5			
		amounts of money	Subtract pounds and pence from £5			
		Calculate change from 50p	Subtract pounds and pence from £10			
		Calculate change from £1	Calculate change beyond £1			

### **East Midlands Academy Trust Curriculum Progression – Measurement (Time)**













	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Comparing and Sequencing	<ul> <li>Know and use the days of the week</li> <li>Know and use the months of the year</li> <li>Recognise and use language relating to dates</li> <li>Sequence events in chronological order within the same day</li> <li>Sequence events in chronological order within the same week</li> <li>Compare times using quicker, slower, earlier, later</li> </ul>	Order or sequence intervals of time, including the fact that there are 24 hours in one day	Compare times given in seconds, minutes and/or hours     Sequence events using a.m. and p.m.			
Measure and Estimate	Measure time		Read Roman numerals up to XII     Calculate the duration of events less than one hour     Calculate the duration of events more than one hour			
Telling the Time	Tell the time to the hour Draw hands on a clock face to show time to the hour Tell the time to half past the hour Draw hands on a clock face to show time to half past the hour past the hour	<ul> <li>Tell the time using quarter past the hour on an analogue clock</li> <li>Tell the time using quarter to the hour on an analogue clock</li> <li>Draw the hands on a clock to show quarter past/to the hour on an analogue clock</li> <li>Tell the time to five-minute intervals past the hour on an analogue clock</li> <li>Draw the hands on a clock to show five-minute intervals past the hour on an analogue clock</li> <li>Tell the time to five-minute intervals to the hour on an analogue clock</li> <li>Draw the hands on a clock to show five-minute intervals to the hour on an analogue clock</li> </ul>	Tell the time to one-minute intervals past the hour on an analogue clock Draw the hands on a clock to show one-minute intervals past the hour on an analogue clock Tell the time to one-minute intervals to the hour on an analogue clock Draw the hands on a clock to show one-minute intervals to the hour on an analogue clock Read analogue time and record using digital format Read digital time and write using 'to' and 'past'		Read and interpret information given in a timetable	
Conversion		Know and use the fact that there are 60 minutes in 1 hour	Know the number of seconds in a minute and multiple minutes     Know the number of days in each month, year and leap year	Convert 12-hour digital time to 24-hour time Convert from 12-hour analogue time to 24-hour time Convert from 24-hour time to 12-hour analogue time Convert from hours to minutes Convert from weeks to days Convert from years to months	Convert from seconds to minutes Convert from minutes to hours Convert from hours to days Convert from days to weeks	

### **East Midlands Academy Trust Curriculum Progression – Statistics**













	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Tables and Tally Charts		Interpret a table     Construct a tally chart	Interpret data in a table     Create a table to show data		Read and interpret information given in a table	
Pictograms		<ul> <li>Interpret a pictogram where the symbol represents a single item</li> <li>Construct a pictogram where the symbol represents a single item</li> <li>Interpret a pictogram where the symbol represents 2 items</li> <li>Construct a pictogram where the symbol represents 2 items</li> <li>Interpret a pictogram where the symbol represents 5 or 10 items</li> <li>Construct a pictogram where the symbol represents 5 or 10 items</li> </ul>	Interpret a pictogram where the symbol represents multiple items     Construct a pictogram where the symbol represents multiple items			
Bar Charts		Interpret a block diagram     Construct a block diagram	Interpret a bar chart     Construct a bar chart	<ul> <li>Interpret bar charts         with different scales on         the frequency axis</li> <li>Construct a bar chart         with different scales on         the frequency axis</li> </ul>		
Line Graphs				<ul> <li>Interpret a time graph</li> <li>Construct a time graph</li> </ul>	Read and interpret information given in a line graph	Interpret line graphs     Construct line graphs
Pie Charts						Interpret pie charts     Construct a pie chart by measuring angles
Averages						Understand the meaning of 'average' and calculate the mean of a set of discrete data     Interpret the mean of a set of discrete data

## **East Midlands Academy Trust** Curriculum Progression – Algebra













	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Algebra						<ul> <li>Use simple formulae expressed in words (e.g. time needed to cook a chicken: allow 20 minutes plus 40 minutes per kilogram)</li> <li>Know the basic rules of algebraic notation</li> <li>Express missing number problems algebraically</li> <li>Find combinations of two variables</li> <li>Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns e.g. a b = 15</li> <li>Generate a linear sequence from its description</li> <li>Describe and find the next terms of a linear sequence</li> <li>Find a missing term in a linear sequence</li> <li>Describe a number pattern algebraically</li> </ul>

## Maths Rocket Words













			YFS and \	ear 1			Year 2		Ye	ear 3		Year 4		Year 5	Ye	ear 6
mber and Place Valu dition and Subtractio plication and Divisio	same different count(ing) forwards backwards share left over more (than) less (than) total fewer (than) equal (to)	<u> </u>	amount value size Order  First Second Third and so on up to Ninth tenth	Multiples odd even double halve pair how much how many distance between	larger smaller estimate compare together altogether bonds zero between above below	digit numeral twenty-one twenty-two twenty-three twenty-four and so on up to ninety-nine one hundred > as 'greater than' < as 'less than'	twelfth thirteenth and so on up to nineteenth twentieth multiple commutative place value step counting	estimation inverse array calculate multiplicatior division times tables	hundreds one hundred one hundred and so on up one thousand multiple(s) inverse opera integer(s) decimal(s) remainder	and two and three to d	thousands round rounding Roman nume negative operation factor factor pairs distributive associative derive remainder	rals to 100 'C'		Roman numerals to 1000 'M' linear sequence power(s) prime complement composite prime factor square(d) <sup>2</sup> cube(d) <sup>3</sup> equivalence	interval Multi-step common factor common multip	
Fractions Ratio and Proportion	(one) half (one) (two) (three) quarters	sharing group (ing)	part whole	equal parts same size bar		(one) (two) third sharing grouping two quarters third one third two thirds equivalent	one and 2 cone and a hone and 3 cone and 4 cone and 4 cone and 4 cone and 4 cone and 5 c	quarters nalf quarters ch uch	sixths de sevenths or eighths ur ninths no Tenths	umerator enominator rder nit-fraction on-unit fraction	hundredth(s) 'decimal equi decimal place proportion	es		thousandths percent percentage(s)	simplify degrees of accurelative size scale factor proportion ratio as a:b	ıracy
Measurement	March April May June July August	centimetre/c m metre/m far distance measure long(er)(est) short(er)(est) October November December night hour minute second centimetre/c metre/c measure long(er)(est) short(er)(est) betal	volume full a empty p more than less than half full the fill the f	hday quarte	quick(er) es slow(er) early er earlier o late	mass gram kilogram  Length height width metre centimetre millimetre Temperature Degrees Celsius Thermometer	Time analogue Five/ten/1/4 pas/to clockwise anticlockwise Measurement Capacity Litre Millilitre	Money Price Cost Amount Change	Time roman numer am/pm duration noor midnight analogue cloc digital clock	n	Length kilometre  Measures convert conversion rectilinear area dimensions	Time 24-hour	clock	foot yard mile Capacity	Units mm³ km³ speed mph m/s km/h	
Geometry	pattern 2-D rectangle	square circle triangle	3-D cub cub	е	pyramid sphere side(s)	vertical horizontal vertices edges faces	quadrilatera polygon prism cone symmetry	al	degree(s) right angle perpendicula parallel	polyhedron polyhedra ar acute obtuse reflex	classify pentagon hexagon heptagon octagon nonagon	decagon isosceles scalene equilateral parallelogra m	rhombus irregular trapezium protractor regular irregular		net(s) radius diameter circumference	vertically opposite complementary angles pi
Position	right bo top in around be	ddle betw ttom abov front of belo hind near	ve far w up	down forwards backwards	inside outside clockwise	straight curved rotate	rotation	lata	angle right angle	orientation reflection	quadrant plot diagonal	grid translate translation scale	axis/axes x-axis y-axis		quadrant(s) dissect(ion)	average
Statistics Algebra						pictogram tally chart	block diagram d table c	ata ategory(ies)	interpret data	category(ies) scale	label graph				1	data set nown generalise able sequence